IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Cancelled)

- 1 2. (Currently Amended) The liquid composition method of Claim 1 15, wherein each molecule of said polymer comprises a plurality of blocks, each of which has a cloud point, and at least one hydrophilic block covalently bonded with said plurality of blocks.
- 1 3. (Currently Amended) The liquid composition method of Claim 2, wherein said plurality of blocks are selected from the group consisting of N-2 3 N-propylmethacrylamide, N-isopropylacrylamide, Nacryloylpiperidine, N-cyclopropylacrylamide, N-N-isopropylmethacrylamide, 4 diethylacrylamide, ,N-ethylmethylacrylamide, N-cyclopropylmethacrylamide, N-5 acryloylpyrrolidine, ethylacrylamide, propyleneoxide, alkeneoxide, vinylmethylether, and partially-6 7 acetylated vinyl alcohol.
- 1 4. (Currently Amended) The liquid composition method of Claim 2, wherein said hydrophilic block is selected from the group consisting of 2 methyl cellulose, dextran, ethyleneoxide, vinyl alcohol, N-vinyl pyrrolidone, 3 methacrylamide. N-methylacrylamide, 4 acrylamide, vinylpyridine, hydroxyethylacrylate, hydroxymethylmethacrylate, 5 hydroxyethylmethacrylate, 6 hydroxymethylacrylate, methacrylicacid, acrylic acid. vinylsulfonic acid. styrenesulfonic acid, N, N-dimethylaminoethylmethacrylate, N, N-diethylaminoethyl 7 methacrylate, and N, N-dimethylaminopropylacrylamide,. 8
- 1 5. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid_composition method</u> of 2 Claim 1 15, wherein said transition temperature is between 0°C and 40°C.

- 1 6. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid composition method</u> of 2 Claim 1 15 further comprising <u>adding</u> biologically active substances to said organic polymer.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid composition method</u> of Claim 6, wherein the biologically active substances are selected from the group consisting of cytokines and extracellular matrix materials.
- 1 8. (Currently Amended) The liquid composition method of
 2 Claim 7, wherein the cytokines are selected from the group consisting of tumor
 3 growth factor, fibroblast growth factor, vascular endothelial growth factor and
 4 platelet-derived growth factor.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid composition method</u> of Claim 7, wherein the extracelluar matrix materials are selected from the group consisting of collagen, gelatin, fibronectin, vitronectin, laminin, proteoglycan, and glycosaminoglycan.
- 1 10. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid composition method</u> of 2 Claim 6, wherein the biologically active substances further comprise antineoplastic 3 agents.
- 1 11. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid composition method</u> of 2 Claim 1 15 further comprising <u>adding</u> radiopaque agents to said organic polymer.
- 1 12. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid composition method</u> of 2 Claim 11, wherein the radiopaque agents are selected from the group consisting of powdered tungsten, powdered tantalum, powdered gold, powdered platinum, 4 barium sulfate and organoiodine compounds.

1	•	13.	(Currently Amended)	The	liquid-composition	method	of
2	Claim 4 <u>15,</u>	whereir	n said organic polymer furth	ner ee	omprising comprises	substanc	es
3	which alter the	he gel-s	sol transition temperature.				

- 1 14. (Currently Amended) The <u>liquid composition method</u> of 2 Claim 1 15, <u>wherein said organic polymer</u> further comprising <u>comprises</u> substances 3 which alter viscosity of the aqueous solution.
- 1 15. (Original) A method for occluding a vascular lumen 2 comprising the step of injecting into said lumen an aqueous solution of an organic 3 polymer having a gel-sol transition temperature wherein said aqueous solution 4 forms a hydrogel at temperatures above said transition temperature.

16. (Cancelled)